

ATTACHMENT A

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DRAFT COMPANION ANIMALS POLICY

Companion Animals Policy

Purpose

To encourage and reinforce the responsible management of pets for the benefit of the community through education and information, consistent with the City's responsibilities under the *Companion Animals Act*.

Scope

The Policy seeks to promote compliance through education and mutual understanding of the roles and responsibilities of all members of the community in relation to companion animals.

The Policy applies to the City of Sydney's local government area including public parks and open spaces. The Policy also is applicable to privately owned areas where complaints about companion animals may be generated.

Definitions

Term	Meaning
Companion animal	a dog, a cat, or any other animal that is prescribed by the Companion Animal Regulations (the Regulations) as a companion animal. As at the date of the implementation of this Policy, no other animals have been classified as companion animals.
Dangerous dog	a dog which has, without provocation, attacked or killed a person or animal, repeatedly threatened to attack or repeatedly chased a person or animal, or is kept or used for the purposes of hunting, and is the subject of a declaration by an authorised officer of a council or a court that the dog is a dangerous dog.
Dog attack	when a dog "rushes at, attacks, bites, harasses or chases any person or animal (not vermin), whether or not any injury is caused to the person or animal".
Menacing dog	a dog which has displayed unreasonable aggression towards a person or animal, or has, without provocation, attacked a person or animal (not vermin) but without causing serious injury or death, and is the subject of a declaration by an authorised officer of a council or a court that the dog is a menacing dog.

<p>Nuisance cat</p>	<p>A cat which</p> <p>a) makes persistent noise that unreasonably interferes with the peace, comfort or convenience of any person in any other premises, or</p> <p>repeatedly damages anything outside the property on which it is ordinarily kept.</p>
<p>Nuisance dog</p>	<p>is a dog which</p> <p>(a) is habitually at large, or</p> <p>(b) makes persistent noise, by barking or otherwise that unreasonably interferes with the peace, comfort or convenience of any person in any other premises, or</p> <p>(c) repeatedly defecates on the property of others, or</p> <p>(d) repeatedly runs at or chases any person, animal (not vermin) or vehicle, or</p> <p>(e) endangers the health of any person or animal, or</p> <p>b) repeatedly causes substantial damage to anything outside the property on which it is ordinarily kept.</p>
<p>Restricted breeds</p>	<p>Some dogs are considered to be restricted breeds. These currently include -</p> <p>Pit Bull Terriers, American Pit Bull Terriers, Japanese Tosas, Dogo Argentinos (Argentinean Fighting Dog), and</p> <p>(f) Fila Brasileiro (Brazilian fighting dog).</p>

Policy statement

The City recognises that effective management of domestic pets needs a balanced approach, recognising the significant social and health benefits of pet ownership. The City of Sydney's Companion Animals Policy intends to achieve this by:

- promoting the value of companion animals to people living in an urban environment and encouraging responsible pet management.
- promoting responsible pet ownership through education, information and encouraging pet owners to register, microchip and de-sex their cats and dogs.
- meeting the requirements of the Companion Animals Act in relation to dogs which may be considered a nuisance, menacing, or dangerous, as well as restricted breeds.
- identifying and promoting suitable and sufficient off-leash parks and open space areas for dog exercise.
- reducing the number of lost and wandering cats and dogs by educating pet owners about the importance of identifying, registering and maintaining control of their animals.
- using enforcement sanctions only where appropriate.

Community Education

Education and awareness are critical to achieving responsible pet ownership and community harmony. This will be achieved by a range of innovative, non-regulatory approaches that focus on community engagement.

The City will implement ongoing, effective and community-sensitive education strategies to encourage and reinforce responsible pet ownership. The City's Companion Animals Liaison Officers and Rangers will be at the forefront of this community education strategy.

Identification and registration of cats and dogs

Cats and dogs must be micro-chipped by 12 weeks of age and registered by 6 months of age.

This system helps the City and other councils in returning pets to their owners if the pets are lost, hurt or stolen.

If registration details change, owners must inform the City.

De-sexing

De-sexing helps to reduce aggressive behaviour in animals and helps owners control their cats and dogs. It is preferable that pets be de-sexed unless they are intended for breeding.

De-sexing greatly assists in reducing the number of abandoned companion animals and serves to prevent unnecessary suffering of unwanted animals.

Lost, seized or surrendered pets

The City will do everything possible to return a lost pet to its owner, rather than having the animal impounded. Returning a pet safely home, rather than impounding it, is much easier if the animal is micro-chipped and the registration details are up to date.

Owners have 14 days to claim impounded micro-chipped pets or 7 days to claim non micro-chipped pets, before the animal may be re-homed.

The City is unable to accept surrendered pets from owners who no longer wish to have them. The City can provide the names and contact details of organisations who may accept surrendered pets.

The City is not authorised to accept animals seized under the *Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act 1979*, or seized when there is no-one available to care for the animal. In these circumstances, it is appropriate to contact the Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals.

Cat management

Cats must have some form of identification showing the cat's name and the address or telephone number of the owner.

Cats are prohibited from wildlife protection areas and food preparation areas.

Cats without an identifiable owner may be trapped and removed if they are a danger to themselves or others.

Cat owners should keep their pets indoors after dark to minimise the opportunity for injury to the animal, protect wildlife and to reduce instances of nuisance.

Control of dogs

Dogs must always be under the effective control of their owners, including when they are let off the leash in designated off-leash areas. A dog is not considered to be under the effective control of a person if that person has more than four dogs under his or her control.

The City encourages all dog owners to enrol their dogs in a training course if they feel they are not able to effectively control their dog. The City sponsors and facilitates free dog obedience courses, for City residents, run by external trainers.

Off leash area

In a high density, inner city area such as the City of Sydney, public spaces to walk or run the dog are very important. Off-leash exercise helps to relieve boredom and reduce incidences of unacceptable nuisance behaviour such as uncontrolled barking.

To maximise opportunities for off-leash exercising and socialising of dogs, the City will provide designated off-leash parks and open space areas and progressively explore opportunities for additional off leash areas when community feedback indicates this is appropriate.

Effective, welcoming and positive signage will be used to identify off-leash parks and open spaces. Dog-tidy stations will be installed and maintained in off-leash parks.

Dogs must be on a leash unless the signs permit otherwise.

Prohibited areas

Dogs are prohibited from some public places at all times, which include:

- Children's playgrounds.
- Recreation areas, such as sports fields, ovals, pitches and courts (subject to Council determination and signage).
- School grounds.
- Childcare centres.
- Shopping areas (subject to Council determination and signage).
- Wildlife protection areas (subject to Council determination and signage).
- Food preparation and consumption areas, such as public barbeque facilities, although there are some exemptions to this as detailed below -
 - When in an on leash area, a dog may be in a food preparation and consumption area if it is under the effective control of a person, restrained, kept on the ground and not fed,
 - When in an off leash area, a dog may also be in a food preparation and consumption area. However, the dog does not need to be restrained, it can be fed provided it is on the ground, or it can sit on a person's lap.

A person with a disability is entitled to be accompanied by an assistance animal into or onto any building or place open to the public, including public transport.

Dog waste

Owners have a legal responsibility to pick up after their dogs.

The City will provide dog tidy stations (including dog litter bags) at off-leash parks and other suitable locations.

The City's rangers and the Companion Animals Liaison Officers will work with dog owners in promoting awareness of these responsibilities to encourage owners to clean up after their dogs.

Barking

Persistent barking can be a nuisance for the neighbourhood and a source of community complaints.

To address dog barking the City will pursue positive and proactive approaches such as:

- providing off-leash areas for dogs to socialise.
- providing community education and training for dog owners.

- investigating reports of persistently barking dogs and taking appropriate action to remove any nuisance caused by barking.

Nuisance orders

If the City becomes aware of any dog behaviour that may be considered a nuisance, an investigation will be undertaken by qualified City staff.

Dog attacks

Dog attacks should be reported to the City as soon as practicable so that they may be investigated.

Menacing or dangerous dogs

The Companion Animals Act details the requirements and actions which must be taken if the behaviour of a dog is considered to be menacing or dangerous.

Applications seeking to revoke a declaration that a dog is menacing or dangerous

Once a declaration has been in place for 12 months, the dog owner can apply to the City to revoke the declaration that their dog is menacing or dangerous.

Restricted breeds

The owner of a restricted dog must comply with a number of control requirements:

- The dog must be de-sexed.
- The dog must not be in the sole charge of someone under 18 years of age.
- Signs must be displayed on the property showing the words “Warning Dangerous Dog”.
- The dog must wear a distinctive collar as prescribed by the Regulations.
- While the dog is on the property where it is normally kept, it must be kept in an enclosure that complies with the requirements prescribed by the Regulations.
- Whenever the dog is outside its enclosure it must be on a leash and must also be muzzled.

Restricted breeds may also include cross bred dogs.

A dog owner may request a review of the breed classification applied to their animal. If so, the owner will be asked to provide an independent breed assessment report. This report and any other submissions made by the owner will be considered by qualified personnel in determining whether a reclassification is required.

Privacy

City staff will respect the confidentiality of complainants where requested, except where disclosure is required by law or enforcement action is taken.

Records will be kept of all complaints for future reference and will be referred to if further complaints about the particular dog or cat are received.

Staff qualifications

City staff who are directly involved in the implementation of this Policy, such as community education, reviewing complaints about the behaviour of a dog or cat, or reviewing applications for the revocation of declarations issued under the *Companion Animals Act*, have a comprehensive understanding of the relevant legislation, as well as associated guidelines issued by the Division of Local Government.

References

Laws and standards	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Local Government Act 1993• Companion Animals Act 1998• Companion Animals Regulations 2008• Impounding Act 1993
Policies and procedures	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Compliance Policy• Prosecution and Civil Enforcement Policy

Approval

The Council approved this Policy on XXX.

(A copy of the CEO's signature should be inserted here.)

Review

Review period	Next review date	TRIM reference
Manager, City Rangers will review this policy every four years	May, 2018	2013/041695